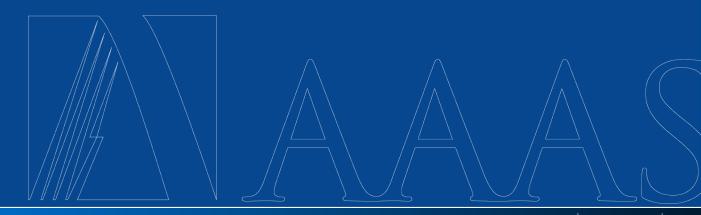
Working with Policymakers

Joanne Carney

AAAS Office of Government Relations





Joanne Carney

SCIENCE & POLICY: TWO CULTURES



There is a culture clash between science & policy



Science

Systematic

Specialists/In Depth Data

Patience

Consensus-based

Policy

AdHoc/Reactionary

Generalists/Broad Range Issues

Decisiveness

Adversarial (compromise)



There is a culture clash between science & policy



Issues: Agriculture and Food, Armed Forces and National Security, Civil Rights and Liberties, Minority Issues, Emergency Management, Government Operations and Politics, Immigration, International Affairs, Labor and Employment, Public Lands and Natural Resources, Transportation and Public Works, Veterans Affairs

Policy

AdHoc/Reactionary

Generalists/Broad Range Issues

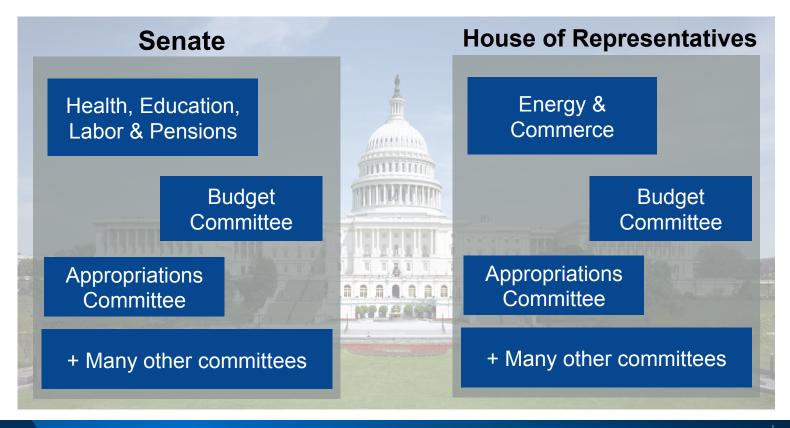
Decisiveness

Adversarial (compromise)



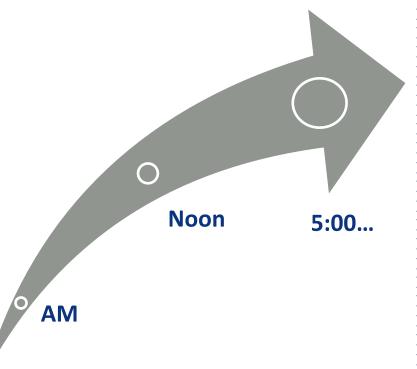
Congress is (dis)organized





Congressional staffers are drinking from a fire hose





- 200 inbound e-mails from advocacy groups, constituents, and colleagues
- 25 e-mail alerts
- 5 news websites
- 150 headlines
- 15 Internet searches
- 5 Washington-focused publications
- 4 newspapers
- 3 news magazines
- 8 hours of (background) cable news
- 3 hours of radio news.
- 5 online newsletters
- 5 Congressional Research Service reports
- 2 hours of committee hearings
- 300 pages of documents from Leadership's Office
- 75-page report from Congressional Budget Office
- 25 faxes from interest groups
- 20 publications, position papers, received by mail
- > 30 phone calls
- 4 lobbyist meetings

Source: National Journal



"We do not suffer from a lack of information here on Capitol Hill, but from a **lack** of ability to glean the knowledge and to gauge the validity, the credibility, and the usefulness of the large amounts of information and advice that we receive."

Rep. Rush Holt, June 2006



Science policy can mean different things



Which science policy do you want to talk about?



Policy for Science

Impact the conduct and practice of research.

Science for Policy

Informs and enhances the development and implementation of policies.



Policy for Science

THE BUDGET!!!!



AUGUST





"By God, gentlemen, I believe we've found it—the Fountain of Funding!"

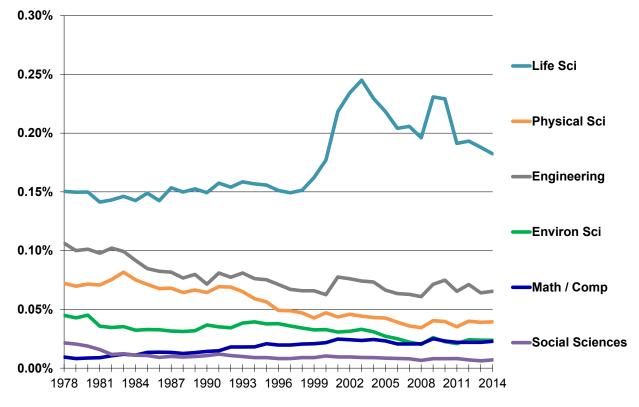


Scientists are looking for long-term funding...

Federal Research Funding by Discipline as a Share of GDP, 1978-2014



The NIH doubling is behind us



Source: National Science Foundation, Federal Funds for Research and Development series. FY 2013 and 2014 are preliminary. GDP figures are from OMB. © 2015 AAAS





Science for Policy

THE ENVIRONMENT

Science is JUST ONE factor in policymaking



- District/state/region priorities
- Jobs/Economy
- Risks may outweigh benefits
- What's in the news
- Impact on ELECTION!



"[It] is important to remember that not all people will reach the same policy conclusion based on the same scientific information—even if they understand and accept that information."

Rep. Sherwood Boehlert (R-NY, retired)

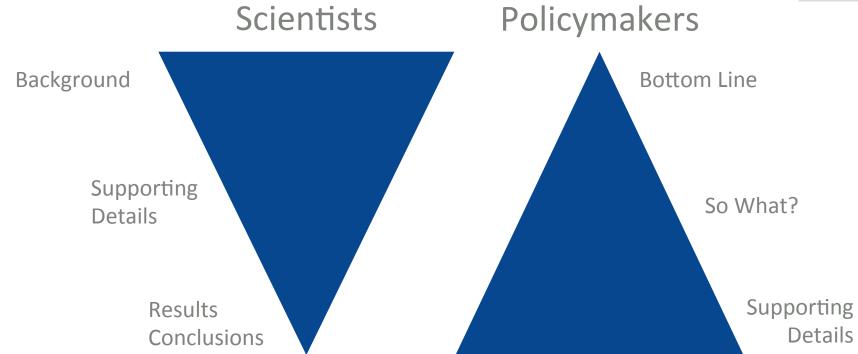


Communication Strategies



Communicate in different ways





Source: Susan Joy Hassol, *Physics Today*

Goal: Change the **nature** of communication



Communicating



to Policymakers



Communicating



with Policymakers

Be a good resource **Build** a lasting relationship

Your message in a minute



- Miniature
- Meaningful
- Memorable





Miniature



- Get to the point
- NO jargon
- Rule of three
 - Example: results, importance, potential applications

Federally funded biomedical research has had a profound effect on the health and well-being of Americans. We are living longer and experiencing a better quality of life. U.S. death rates from heart disease and stroke has dropped more than 60 percent. But serious disease challenges remain. The NIH budget is currently under \$31 billion, and this year alone Alzheimer's and other dementias will cost the U.S. economy over \$180 billion. The Senate would raise this level to over \$32 billion, even above the House proposal. Please support the Senate's proposed budget for NIH.

Source: The Science Coalition

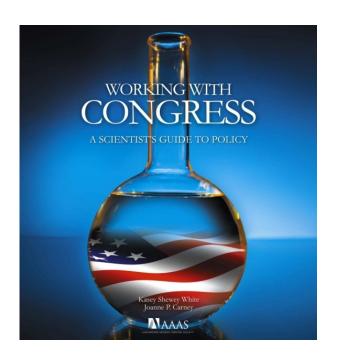




The 6th W: Who Cares?

Meaningful: Communicating checklist





- Who is your audience?
- Know your timing
- Who are you?
- What is your message?
- Prepare to listen!

Meaningful: Know your audience



- Interest or connection to your message
 - Committees?
 - University or lab in district
- Understanding of the issue
- Position on the issue
- Context matters

Meaningful: Know yourself



- Discipline
- Research project
- Technical expertise
- Policy options?...







Memorable: TELL YOUR STORY



Memorable



Talk about your personal experience

Connect science to jobs, the economy, high skilled

workforce

Be willing to say 'I don't know'



Memorable



- Use analogies or metaphors to illustrate your point
- Use visual aids to reinforce the message





Memorable don'ts



- Use jargon
- Feel the need to answer every question
- Cast federal funding as an entitlement
- Throw another discipline or program under the bus
- Go crazy with the visual aids



"You do not really understand something until you can explain it to your grandmother."

-- Albert Einstein





OTHER WAYS TO ENGAGE IN POLICY



Advisory committees play an important role





Write an op-ed



The New york Times

The Opinion Pages

WORLD U.S. N.Y. / REGION BUSINESS TECHNOLOGY SCIENCE HEALTH SPORTS OPINION

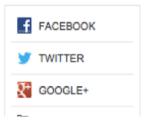
OP-ED CONTRIBUTOR

Not Ready for a 'Solar Sandy'

By YOUSAF BUTT

Published: November 2, 2012

HORRENDOUS and damaging as it was, Hurricane Sandy would be considered only an opening act compared with a powerful "once-in-acentury" solar storm.



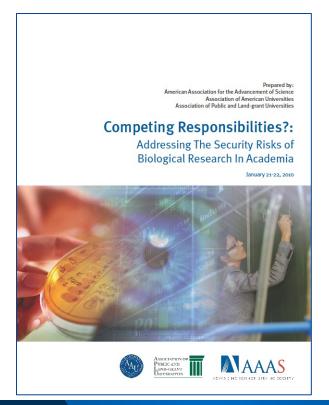
Think local!



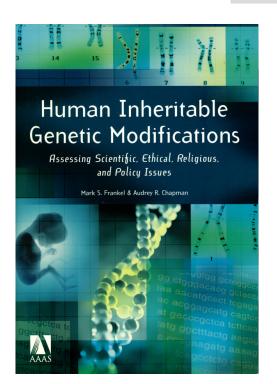
- State/local politics
 - Education boards
 - Neighborhood advisory commissions
 - Local science advisory boards
 - E.g., air quality boards in CA
 - Science advisors to governors

Build bridges between science & society











GOLDEN GOOSE AWARD







Congressional visits







Bring scientists & science to policy





How much influence do different strategies have on undecided Members of Congress?



In-person visit from constituent 46% 51% Contact from constituent who represents other 36% 60% constituents Individualized postal letters 20% 70% Individualized emails 19% 69% Phone calls 14% 72% Visit from lobbyist 8% 74% News editorial endorsement of issue 10% 65% Form postal letters 1% 53% 50% Form emails Postcards 1% 44% Large Influence Some Influence Comments on social media sites 1% 41% 20 40 60 80 100 0

Practice!



You are meeting with your Representative to discuss the FY 2016 appropriations budget that the House and Senate are trying to finalize. Your congressman does serve on a committee with a direct connection to science and you represent a big university that conducts a lot of research. The Representative, however, believes that we must cut federal spending in order to reduce the deficit. Your objective is to explain why the federal government should invest in fundamental research and why it should be given sustainable funding.

Want more?



- Engaging Scientists and Engineers in Policy www.aaas.org/esep
- Communicating Science http://www.aaas.org/pes/communicatingscience
- Office of Government Relations http://www.aaas.org/program/govrelations